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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims**:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for removing a resist pattern, comprising:

forming a metal film over a substrate;

forming a resist pattern of a positive resist composition containing a photosensitizer over the metal film;

etching the metal film by using the resist pattern;

irradiating the resist pattern with a light having a photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer to react the photosensitizer in the resist pattern to the light after etching the metal film; and

after irradiating the resist pattern, removing the resist pattern by using a resist stripper which dissolves and removes the resist pattern.

2. (Currently Amended) A method for removing a resist pattern, comprising:

forming a metal film over a substrate;

forming a resist pattern of a positive resist composition containing a photosensitizer over the metal film;

etching the metal film by using the resist pattern;

removing the resist pattern by using a resist stripper which dissolves and removes the resist pattern after etching the metal film;

irradiating a residue of the resist pattern with a light having a photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer to react the photosensitizer in the residue of the resist pattern to the light after removing the resist pattern; and

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after the irradiating the residue of the resist pattern, removing the residue of the resist pattern by using a developer which dissolves and removes the residue of the resist pattern.

3. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising:

forming a metal film over a substrate;

forming a resist pattern of a positive resist composition containing a photosensitizer over the metal film;

etching the metal film by using the resist pattern;

irradiating the resist pattern with a light having a photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer to react the photosensitizer in the resist pattern to the light after etching the metal film; and

after irradiating the resist pattern, removing the resist pattern by using a resist stripper which dissolves and removes the resist pattern.

4. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising:

forming a metal film over a substrate;

forming a resist pattern of a positive resist composition containing a photosensitizer over the metal film;

etching the metal film by using the resist pattern;

removing the resist pattern by using a resist stripper which dissolves and removes the resist pattern;

irradiating a residue of the resist pattern with a light having a photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer to react the photosensitizer in the residue of the resist pattern to the light after removing the resist pattern; and

after the irradiating the residue of the resist pattern, removing the residue of the resist pattern by using a developer which dissolves and removes the residue of the resist pattern after

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irradiating the resist pattern with the light having the photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer.

5. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 1, wherein the positive resist composition containing the photosensitizer is a diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ)-novolac resin type, and wherein the photosensitizer is diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ).

- 6. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 2, wherein the positive resist composition containing the photosensitizer is a diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ)-novolac resin type, and wherein the photosensitizer is diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ).
- 7. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3,

wherein the positive resist composition containing the photosensitizer is a diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ)-novolac resin type, and wherein the photosensitizer is diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ).

8. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4,

wherein the positive resist composition containing the photosensitizer is a diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ)-novolac resin type, and wherein the photosensitizer is diazonaphthoquinone (DNQ).

9. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 2, wherein the metal film forms an electrode of a thin film transistor.

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10. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3,

wherein the metal film forms an electrode of a thin film transistor.

11. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4,

wherein the metal film forms an electrode of a thin film transistor.

12-16. (Canceled)

- 17. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3, wherein a range of an exposure period of time to irradiate the resist pattern with the light having the photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer is from 1 seconds to 30 seconds.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein a range of an exposure period of time to irradiate the resist pattern with the light having the photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer is from 1 seconds to 30 seconds.
  - 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 1, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of a glass, a quartz, a semiconductor, a plastic, a plastic film, a metal, a glass-epoxy resin, and a ceramic.

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21. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 2, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of a glass, a quartz, a semiconductor, a plastic, a plastic film, a metal, a glass-epoxy resin, and a ceramic.

- 22. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of a glass, a quartz, a semiconductor, a plastic, a plastic film, a metal, a glass-epoxy resin, and a ceramic.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of a glass, a quartz, a semiconductor, a plastic, a plastic film, a metal, a glass-epoxy resin, and a ceramic.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 1, wherein the metal film comprises a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum, titanium, molybdenum, tantalum, and tungsten.
- 25. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 2, wherein the metal film comprises a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum, titanium, molybdenum, tantalum, and tungsten.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3, wherein the metal film comprises a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum, titanium, molybdenum, tantalum, and tungsten.
- 27. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein the metal film comprises a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum, titanium, molybdenum, tantalum, and tungsten.

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28. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 1, wherein the resist stripper has a mixture of 2-aminoethanol and a glycol ether as a composition.

- 29. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 2, wherein the resist stripper has a mixture of 2-aminoethanol and a glycol ether as a composition.
- 30. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3, wherein the resist stripper has a mixture of 2-aminoethanol and a glycol ether as a composition.
- 31. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein the resist stripper has a mixture of 2-aminoethanol and a glycol ether as a composition.
- 32. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 1, wherein the light has a multiple wavelengths within the range of photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer.
- 33. (Previously Presented) A method for removing a resist pattern according to claim 2, wherein the light has a multiple wavelengths within the range of photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 3, wherein the light has a multiple wavelengths within the range of photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer.

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35. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein the light has a multiple wavelengths within the range of photosensitive wavelength region of the photosensitizer.